(c) if so, what steps Government have in mind to overcome this situation on a long term basis; and

(d) whether Government would intensify research and developmental efforts and develop drought resistant varieties of seeds and also go in for non-traditional crops ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN) . (a) Government of Andhra Pradesh has reported that adverse seasonal conditions are prevailing in 6 districts of the State due to deficient rainfall during current south-west monsoon.

(b) to (d) Information is being collected.

Increase in Procurement Prices of Foodgrains

773. SHRI S. S. SURJEWALA . SHRI SURESH KALMADI :

will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether the prices of chemical fertilisers have increased after the decontrol and withdrawal of subsidies, if so, the reasons for drastic change in the Government policy;

(b) whether Government are aware that the above policy would result in fall of agricultural production, if so, what remedial measures Government propose to take;

(c)whether the prices of fertilisers. diesel and electricity chemical and farm machinery have increased in the recent time resulting in high cost of agricultural products; and

(d) if so, whether Government propose to increase the procurement price of various foodgrains; if yes, to what extent and if not, the reasons therefor.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN) : (a) There was steep hike in the prices of phosphatic and potassic fertilizers after their decontrol. In order to reduce the subsidy burden on exchequer, the Government accepted the recommendations of the Joint Parliamentary Committee on Fertilizers Pricing to decontrol the price, distribution and movement of phosphatic arid potassic fertilizers.

(b) and (c) Government have announced several measures to cushion the impact of rise in price of decontrolled fertilizer. A subsidy of Rs. 1000 per tonne to the farmers on these fertilizers has been made available to the State Governments, amounting in all to Rs. 340 crores. Additional assistance to small and marginal farmers for Rs. 500 crores has also been sanctioned. Minimum support prices of major crops in Kharif announced immediately after decontrol of certain fertilizers were the highest ever in recnt time.

(d) No decision has been taken regarding increasing the procurement price of various foodgrains for the current Rabi season.

New Crop Insurance Scheme

774. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to introduce a new crop insurance scheme for the benefit of the farmers; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN): (a) and (b) It has been decided that while the existing Comprehensive Crop Insurance Scheme (CCIS) may continue, a pilot scheme charging actuarial rates of premia. covering all farmers and all crops against all risks, may be implemented in one district of every state, preferably at now unit areas.

Flood Prone Area in the Country

775. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA : Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that flood prone area in the country has increased from 25 million hectares to 40 million hectares be tween 1960 and 1990;

(b) if so, what are the main reasons therefor;

(c) the long term plans which have been envisaged to curb floods; and

(d) by when the country would be able to decrease the flood prone area ?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI V. C, SHUKLA) : (a) and (b) The flood prone area is determined from the maximum of the areas damaged in the states in the current of proceeding years. Such assessments were made twice-earlier in 1960 and last in 1980 when they were found to be 25 and 40 million hectares respectively.

(c) and (d) It is possible to provide reasonable degree of protection to 80% of the flood prone area. Measures identified for critical areas that could be taken up due to constraints of fund have provid-ed protection to about 14 million hectares up to March. 1991.

Dairy Co-operatives in the Country

776. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA , : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the state wise number of dairy co-operatives operating in the country;

(b) whether the number of co-operatives in the dairy sector is insufficient in the country;

<c) whether it is a fact that the insufficient number has been a major handicap for the development of dairy farming in the country; and

(d) if so, the steps being taken or proposed to be taken to bring maximum number of farmers under the co-operative fold ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI K.C. LENKA) : (a) A statement indicating State-wise number of dairy co-operative societies (DCS) organised in the country under Operation Flood Programme is given in the Statement, *(see* below)

(b) to (d) The DCS. organised under Operation Flood Programme with a membership of about 81 Lakh farmers have already covered most of the potential milk producing areas in the country. The number of Anand pattern D.C.S. is further targetted to increase to 70,000 by the end of Operation Flood-lII. Considerable progress has been made in the development of dairying through the co-operatives under the Operation Flood Programme and the various programmes undertaken by the Government of India and the State Governments. Milk production which had been static at around 21 milion tonnes at the begining of Operation Flood is now estimated to have increased to 56.4 million tonnes during 1991-92.

Statement

Stateswise number of Dairy Cooperative Societies (DCS) organised in the country under Operation Flood Programme

State	DCS ORGANISED		
	Anand Pattern	Others	Total
1	2	3	4
Andhra Pradesh	5056	2091	7147
Assam	49	0	49
Bihar	1886	0	1886
Gujarat	10475	2	10477
Haryana	2198	166	2364
Himachal Pradesh	175	0	175
J&K	105	0	105
Karnataka	6019	0	6019